

Rovaniemi 2005

**Modelling carbon dynamics in  
forest soils, with emphasis on DOC**

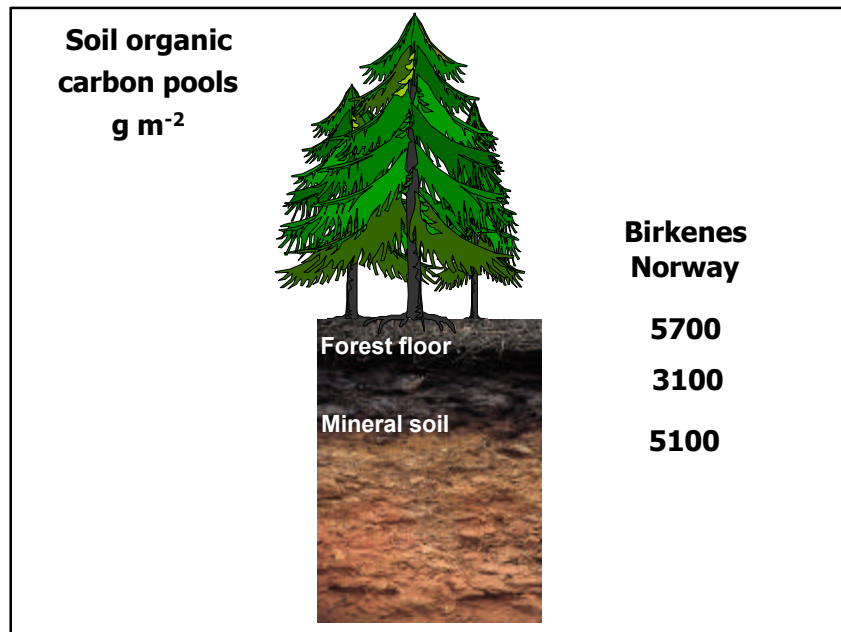
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**Dissolved organic carbon (DOC)**

- Carbon flux in soils
- Nitrogen flux (DON)
- Binding and transport of contaminants

[Simple means of monitoring changes in soil C]

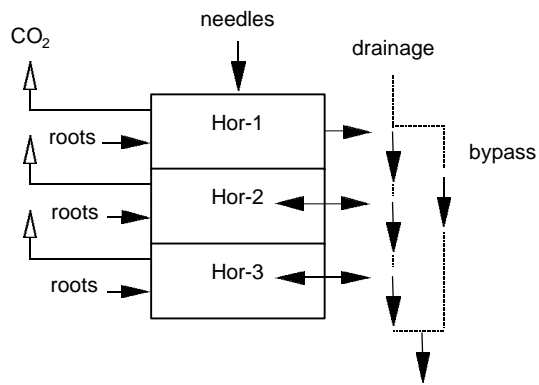


## Objectives of DyDOC

Michalzik et al., 2003

- Unifying framework
  - interpretation of diverse field and laboratory data
- 2) Simulation of fluxes and concentrations of DOC
  - short term (days to years)
  - long-term (centuries)
- 3) Relate DOC flux to other fluxes of C

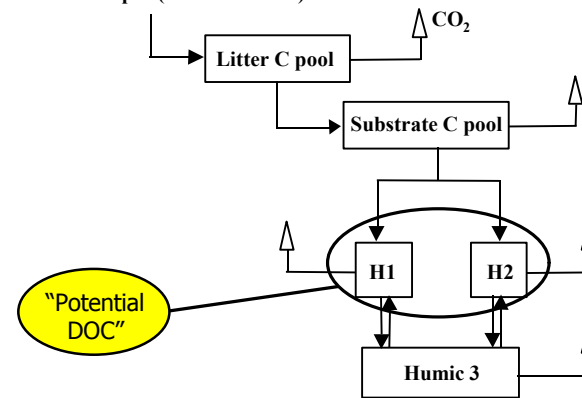
### Carbon transfers in DyDOC



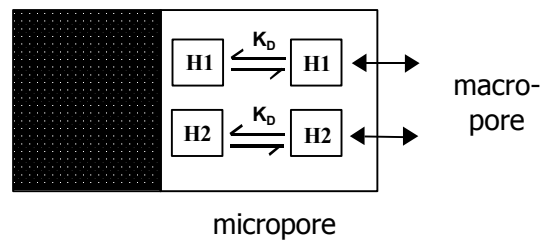
### Model Version 01

### Metabolic transformations in horizons O, A and B

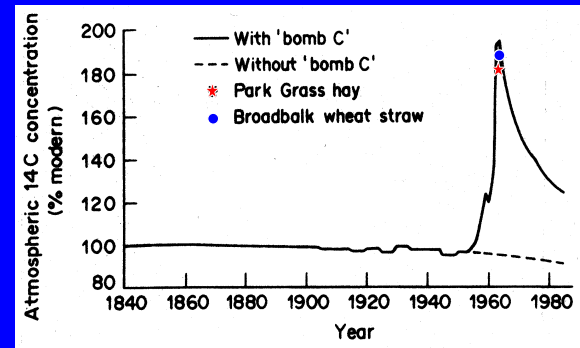
Litter input (needles + roots)



### Partitioning reactions in horizons O, A and B



### Use of $^{14}\text{C}$ data



Atmospheric  $^{14}\text{C}$  concentrations, 1840- 1985, Harkness et al. (1986)

## Parameterisation (assuming steady state )

### Hydrology

4 parameters from throughfall / temp / runoff

### Partitioning

6 parameters from experimental data

### Metabolism

16 parameters from C pools & fluxes, 14C, hydrophobicity

### Diffusion

1 parameter from assumed [DOC] in micropores

### Litter delay

Set to 5 years

## Measured values and calculated values: Birkenes O horizon

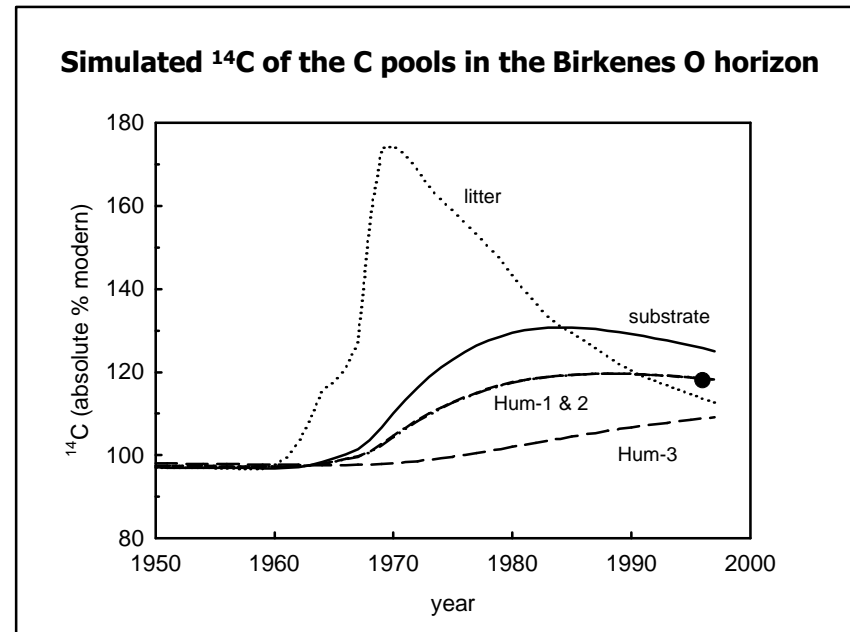
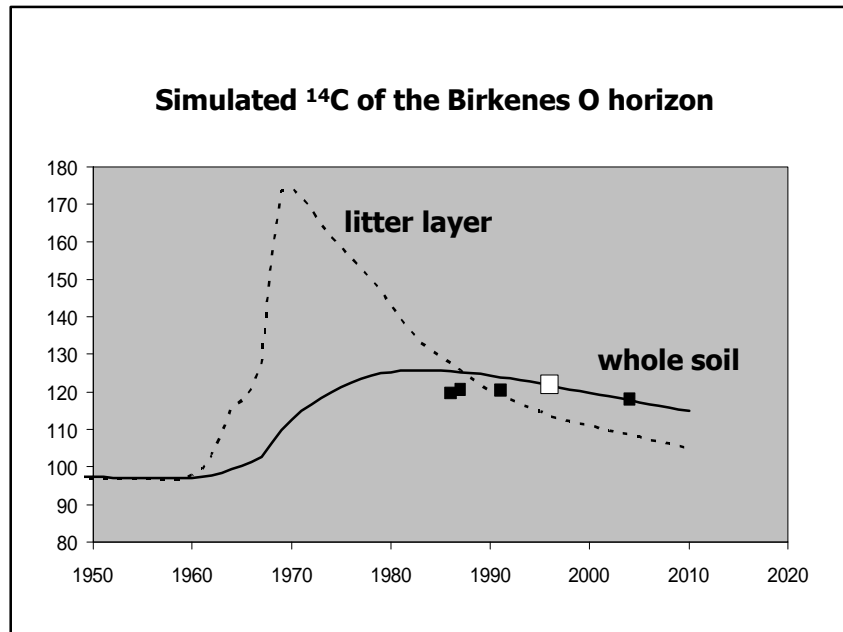
<i>Values</i>	<i>O horizon</i>	
	<i>observed</i>	<i>calculated</i>
Litter [g m <sup>-2</sup> ]	400	410
Substrate [g m <sup>-2</sup> ]	4200	4200
Humic substances (1, 2 + 3) [g m <sup>-2</sup> ]	1100	1000
Total Carbon [g m <sup>-2</sup> ]	5700	5600
<sup>14</sup> C for the whole horizon	123	122
<sup>14</sup> C for DOC	118	118
Annual DOC output flux [g m <sup>-2</sup> ]	36	42
% humic fraction 1 (hydrophilic)	~40	40

**Measured values and calculated values: Birkenes A horizon**

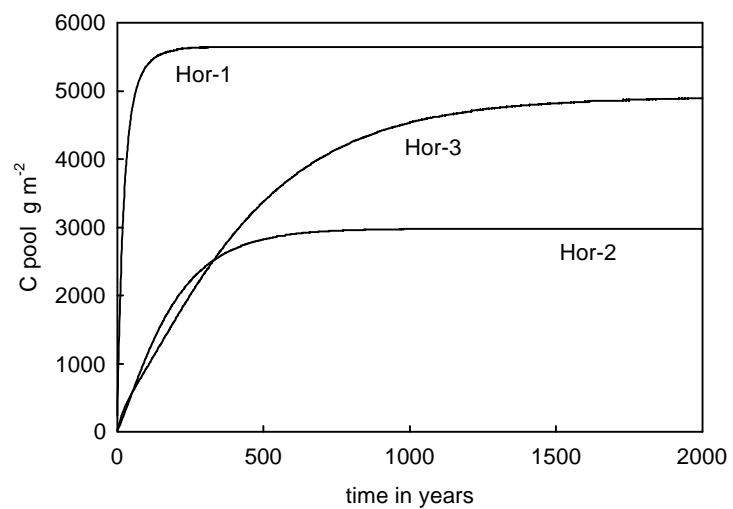
<i>Values</i>	<i>A horizon</i>	
	<i>observed</i>	<i>calculated</i>
Litter [g m <sup>-2</sup> ]	-	17
Substrate [g m <sup>-2</sup> ]	-	220
Humic substances (1, 2 + 3) [g m <sup>-2</sup> ]	-	2700
Total Carbon [g m <sup>-2</sup> ]	<b>3100</b>	3000
<sup>14</sup> C for the whole horizon	-	102
<sup>14</sup> C for DOC	<b>113</b>	110
Annual DOC output flux [g m <sup>-2</sup> ]	<b>17</b>	17
% humic fraction 1 (hydrophilic)	<b>~50</b>	50

**Measured values and calculated values: Birkenes B horizon**

<i>Values</i>	<i>B horizon</i>	
	<i>observed</i>	<i>calculated</i>
Litter [g m <sup>-2</sup> ]	-	32
Substrate [g m <sup>-2</sup> ]	-	420
Humic substances (1, 2 + 3) [g m <sup>-2</sup> ]	-	4500
Total Carbon [g m <sup>-2</sup> ]	<b>5100</b>	5000
<sup>14</sup> C for the whole horizon	<b>99</b>	98
<sup>14</sup> C for DOC	<b>102</b>	102
Annual DOC output flux [g m <sup>-2</sup> ]	<b>6</b>	6
% humic fraction 1 (hydrophilic)	<b>~60</b>	60

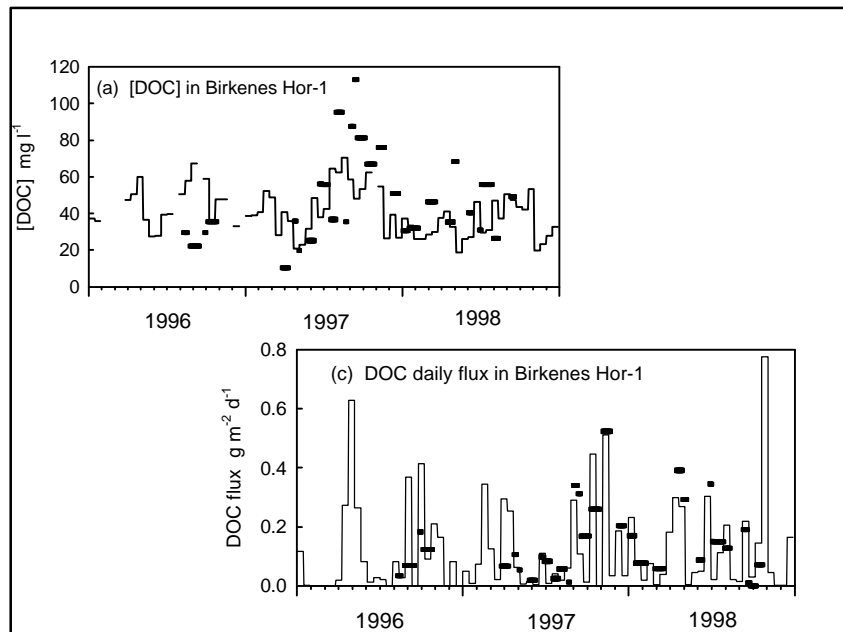


### Simulated build-up of carbon pools at Birkenes



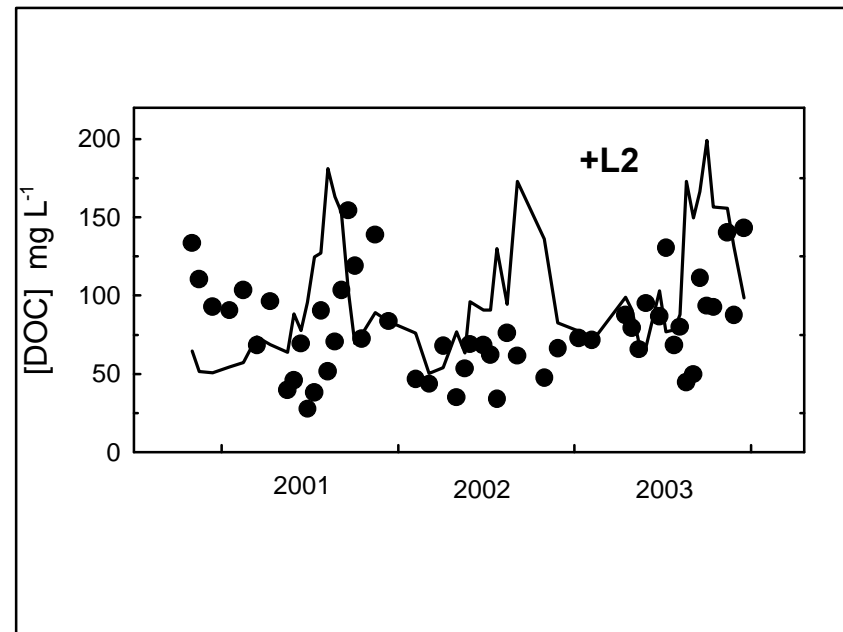
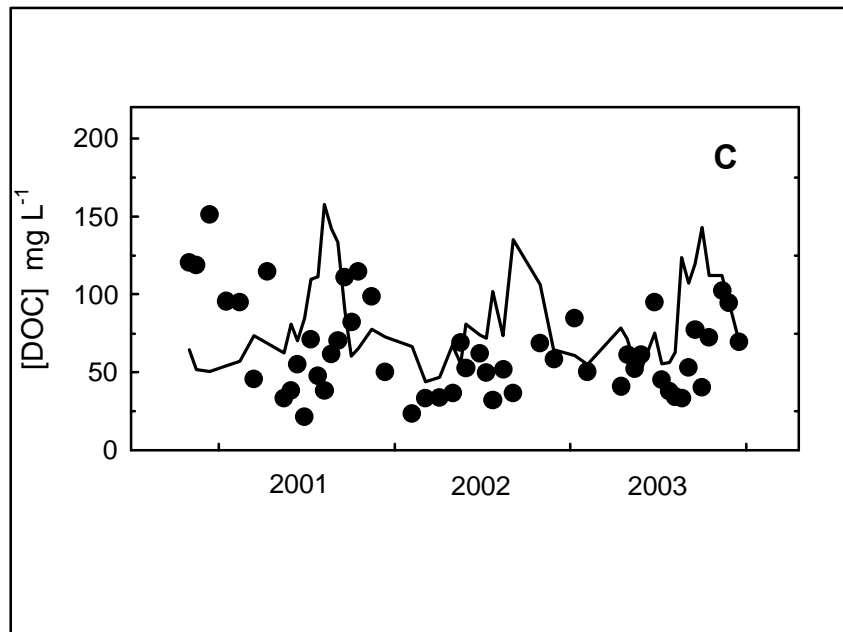
### Organic C in the B horizon

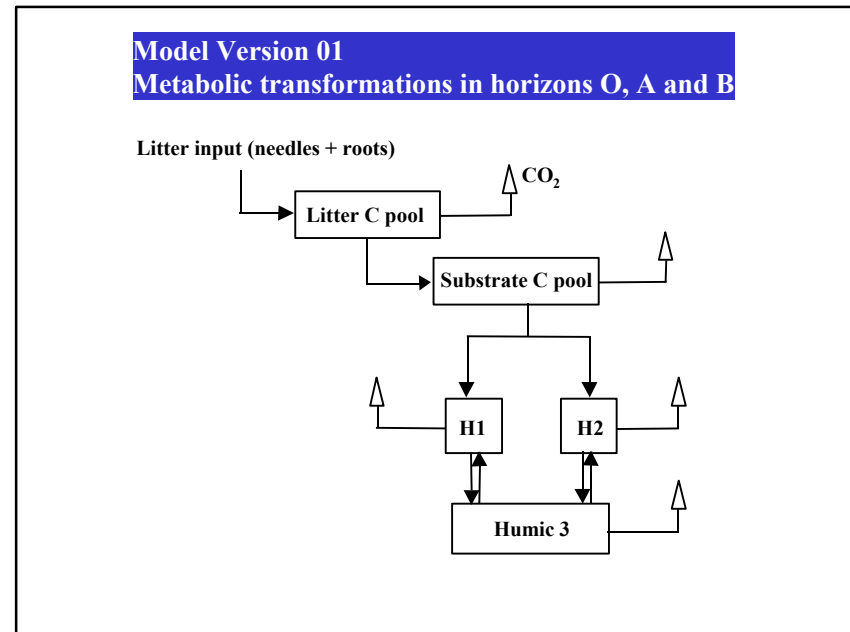
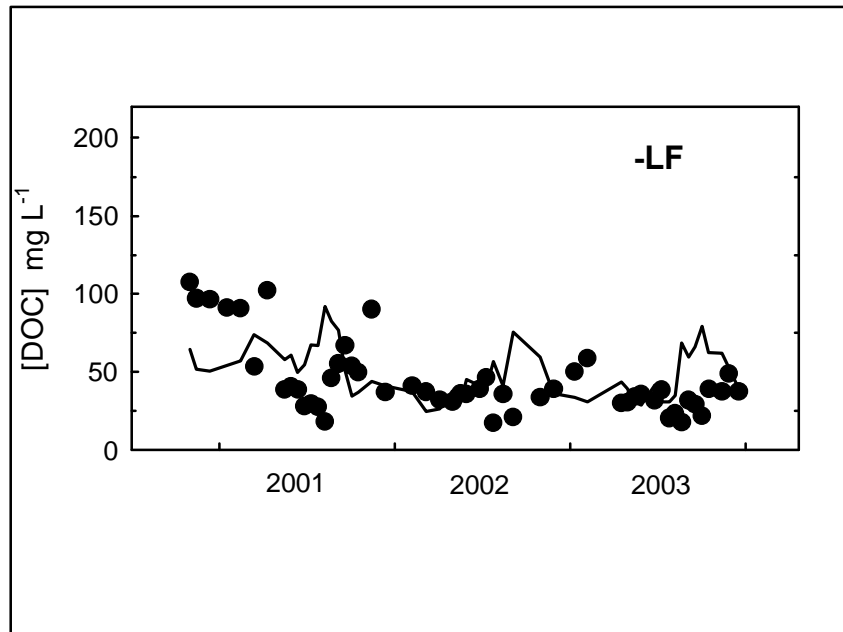
	<b>Birkenes</b>	<b>Waldstein</b>
% from O horizon	89	73
% from E & B root litter	11	27



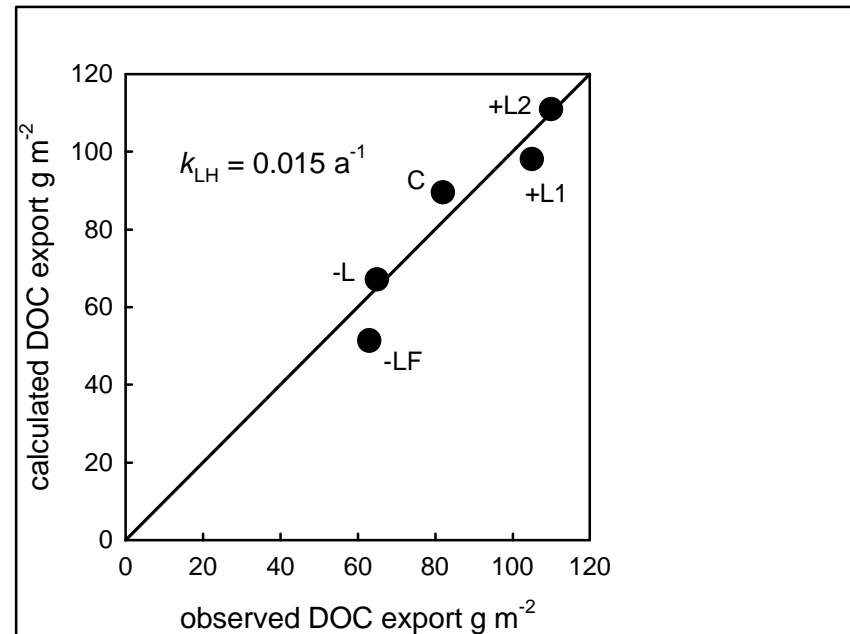
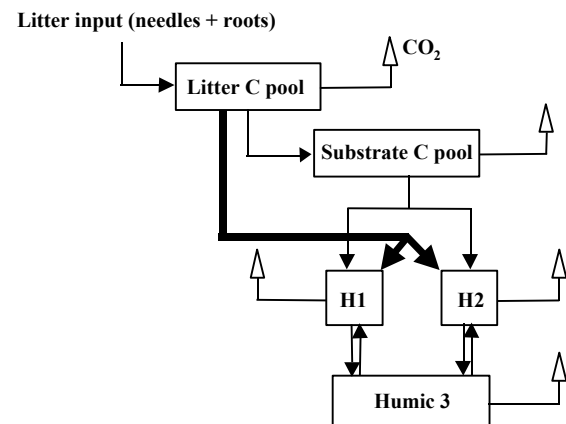
### Litter manipulations at Asa, Sweden Mats Fröberg, SAU, PhD project

Code	Treatment
C	Control
+L1	320 g m <sup>-2</sup> litter (160 gC m <sup>-2</sup> ) added in April 2001, May 2002, May 2003
+L2	800 g m <sup>-2</sup> litter (400 gC m <sup>-2</sup> ) added in April 2001, May 2002, May 2003
-L	Litter layer removed in April 2001, no further above-ground litter inputs
-LF	L and F layers removed in April 2001, no further above-ground litter inputs





**Model Version 02**  
**Metabolic transformations in horizons O, A and B**



### Sources of DOC leaving the Asa forest floor

Pool	$t_{\text{res}}$ (years)	% DOC
Litter	4.6	30
Substrate	26	32
Humic matter	36	38

### Summary and outlook

- Simulation of soil C cycling and DOC
- Short and long timescales
- $^{14}\text{C}$  data for C turnover times / rate constants
  
- Current application to acid moorlands of the UK suggests rapid formation of DOC from plant litter
- Predicting future changes - need temperature-dependence of metabolic reactions